

**The Merchants' Exchange**  
Grill Room and Restaurant...  
CHAS. BROS., Proprietors.  
29 Seymour St., VANCOUVER, B. C.

# The Daily Colonist.

**BEST DOUBLE SCREENED HOUSEHOLD COAL**  
\$6.00 Per Ton Delivered  
Weight Guaranteed.  
**HALL, GOEPFEL & CO'Y,**  
100 Gort. St. Telephone 83.

VOL. LXXXIV.--NO 73

VICTORIA B. C. MONDAY SEPTEMBER 3 1900

FORTY-SECOND YEAR

**we can earn you money**


"A Penny Saved is a Penny Earned."  
Being Direct Importers We Save You the Middleman's Profit. We Have Just Imported Direct From France a large and complete line of

**FRENCH CLOCKS and ORNAMENTS,**

Though They Embrace THE CHOICE OF THE EUROPEAN MARKET Will Be Sold At Astonishingly Low Prices. Come in and look at the assortment and learn how easy it is to own one of these timepieces

**CHALLONER & MITCHELL** Jewelers and Opticians  
47 Gov't St.


**YE OLD BLEND OF YE WHITE HORSE CELLAR**



A Scotch Brew Grateful and Comforting.

**Hudson's Bay Co.**  
AGENTS.

**Don't Pass Them By**



The bargains we have offered in the past year have been a succession of surprises to our pleased customers. "This said that wondrous never cease, and you will think so after reading this announcement. Here is something to excite your wonder. THIS WEEK ONLY.

OGILVIE'S HUNGARIAN FLOUR, \$1.25 sack.  
LAMP OF THE WOODS HUNGARIAN FLOUR, \$1.25 sack.  
ENDERBY HUNGARIAN FLOUR, \$1.25 sack.  
THREE STAR FLOUR, \$1.05 sack.  
SNOWFLAKE FLOUR, \$1.00 sack.  
WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR, 10 lbs., 25 cents sack.  
GRAHAME FLOUR, 10 lbs., 25c. sack.

**Dixie H. Ross & Co.**

**J. P. CY CO.,**  
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS  
AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.  
Makers of The Celebrated "IRONCLAD" Overalls  
Victoria, B. C.

PURE LINSEED OIL, in 4-gallon tins, - \$1.15 Per Gal  
PURE WHITE LEAD, in 100-lb lots, - \$7.80 Per Cwt  
MELLOR'S PURE MIXED PAINTS, - \$1.75 Per Gal  
**J. W. MELLOR, - 76 & 78 FORT ST**

**Notice**

We, the undersigned brick makers, have this day appointed J. RAYMOND, Sole Agent for the sale of our bricks, and to him all orders must be addressed.  
ELFORD & SMITH,  
JENNINGS BROS.,  
M. HUMBER,  
JAMES BAKER.  
Victoria, B. C., Aug. 5, 1900.  
Office, Corner Government and Pandora Streets.

**Victoria Transfer Company**  
LIMITED.  
Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1892.  
**Livery & Hack Stables**  
10, 21, 23 Broughton st., foot of Broad  
JACKS, BAGGAGE WAGONS, TRUCKS AND BUSES SUPPLIED AT  
HOURS OF THE DAY OR  
NIGHT.  
TELEPHONE CALL 123.

**TAN SAN**  
THE POPULAR WATER  
**GODESBERGER**  
THE FINEST GERMAN WATER  
**R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.**  
PACIFIC COAST AGENTS

**Marine Insurance.**  
Insurance effected on merchandise or Treasure between Victoria, Vancouver and all Northern Ports, including Dawson City and Nome, at lowest rates.  
OFFICES REPRESENTED.  
London & Provincial Marine & General Insurance Co. Ltd. of London, England.  
London Assurance Corporation, London, England.  
Western Assurance Company.  
Swiss Marine Insurance Co.  
La Fonclere Compagnie D'Assurances.  
**ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED.**  
General Agents for British Columbia.

**Houde's STRAIGHT CUT Cigarettes**  
Manufactured by  
**B. HOUE & CO.**  
QUEBEC  
ARE BETTER THAN THE BEST.

**Lime! Lime!**  
**Marble Bay Lime.**  
(Trade Mark.)  
**IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.**  
The strongest and best lime on the market. Walls built with "Marble Bay Lime" will last twice as long as those made with inferior lime.  
EVERY BARREL IS GUARANTEED.  
EVERY BARREL BEARS OUR TRADE MARK (Marble Bay Lime).  
FIVE BARRELS OF "MARBLE BAY" BRAND will go further than six of any other lime on the market.  
OUR "PLASTERERS' BRAND" IS A SPECIALLY SELECTED LIME FOR PLASTERERS' USE—THERE IS NONE SO GOOD.  
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. Kept in stock in Victoria by KINGHAM & CO.  
**J. F. FOULKES & CO.**  
General Agents for V. I.  
Telephone 697. 35 Fort Street.  
**Another Bargain**  
\$450 will buy a two-story house, containing six rooms. Terms, \$50 cash; balance \$10 per month, including interest at 6 per cent.  
The house at \$425 and the store at \$650 previously advertised have both been sold by us within the last few days.  
Two cheap lots for \$500 for sale on Rockland avenue.  
**A. W. MORE & CO.**  
86 Government St. Next Bank of Montreal.

**Dr. S. M. Hartman**  
DENTIST.  
Inventor of an apparatus for Cleft Palate and Improved Dental Plate; none but first-class operations performed.  
Office: 115 Government Street.  
**TENNIS GOODS.**  
**FISHING TACKLE.**  
All kinds of the best Sheffield Cutlery, Shaving Materials, Brushes, Pocket Books, etc., at  
**FOX'S.**  
78 GOVT ST.  
**SHORTS.**  
Just Received a Fine Lot of Pure White Shorts—Best in the Market  
**SYLVESTER FEED CO., Ltd.**  
Tel. 413. City Market.  
**Farm Property For Sale**  
That desirable property known as Dean Lea, Gordon Head. About 40 acres; 23 acres cleared; good five roomed dwelling, large barn and outbuildings, never failing spring of water on the premises, good orchard, large strawberry garden, etc.; a money making property for the right man. Apply on the premises to W. Dean.

**SPUDS** 90c. per 100 pounds.  
Lambert Celebrated Stock and Poultry Food. All Kinds of Grain and Feed always in stock. Obit Rice and Rice Meal at Lowest Price.  
**E. M. Nodak, - 22 Store St**

**Chinese Situation**  
**The Feeling in England Continues Adverse to the Russian Scheme.**  
**Guarantee Will Be Demanded Before British Troops Withdraw From Peking.**  
**Military Men Are Greatly Impressed by the Japanese Soldiers.**

New York, Sept. 2.—Cabling from London, the correspondent of the Tribune says of the aspect of the Chinese situation:  
"Actual news from China is again very meagre this morning and there is not much fresh information to be gleaned with regard to the proposed withdrawal of the allied troops from Peking.  
"The feeling in this country continues adverse to the Russian scheme. The Observer says that if the plan of a general withdrawal of troops from the Chinese capital is carried out, it does not envy the fate of the unfortunate Europeans who are compelled to remain there. The disinterestedness of Russia is doubted, and it is argued that the Chinese would clearly interpret a "retiring policy" as a confession of utter weakness, and the story would be circulated throughout the whole Chinese empire that the hated foreigners had been driven out, in dread of the Emperor's wrath.  
"Military men here continue to be profoundly impressed by the reports which arrive of the conduct of the Japanese in the recent operations. The general testimony of competent witnesses who saw them at Tien Tsin is that they were the best of all the contingents which formed the allied force there, and telegraphic accounts of their proceedings on the march to Peking confirm the opinion as to their admirable qualities. They marched as well as the Russians, they were as doggedly persistent as the British and American infantry. They had the dash of the Indian cavalry and nothing to learn from the Germans in matters of organization and equipment. The Americans and most of the European troops suffered severely from the fatigues of the rapid march in terrible weather, which told far less on the hardy Russian peasants and least of all on the nimble little Japanese, whose scouting work throughout was also described as excellent.  
"Lord Wolseley and Sir Evelyn Wood, the adjutant-general of the British army, and Sir John Ardagh, chief of the intelligence department, have been paying government gives startling proof of its Japanese proceedings in the recent little campaign. No doubt their opinion would not greatly differ from that expressed by a distinguished retired officer, once famous in Indian warfare, who said:  
"The world has got to reckon with another great military power. Japan has a larger population than France, as much disciplined intelligence as Germany and at least as great a natural aptitude for soldiering among her people as any European nation. In science and knowledge her general staff is second to none, and in courage, patriotism and contempt for death, the rank and file of her army would certainly compare favorably with the conscript of the continent. Russian numbers, but in every other respect I look upon the Mikado's potential military force as superior to that of the Czar's."  
"While the powers are debating the best steps to discover whether the government of China is in existence, that government gives startling proof of its unabated vitality by suddenly endeavoring to assert its authority in the Yangtze valley. The announcement from Hongkong that an imperial commissioner had been appointed to proceed to Nankin and investigate the charges brought against Viceroy Liu Kun Yi is very significant. Liu is one of the most moderate and progressive of the Chinese governors and has done much to promote education in his province, besides providing it with an excellent foreign drilled army. He has long been disliked by the Manchurians for his reforming tendencies, and several of his projects were defeated by the Tsung Li Yamen. He is now denounced by his censors for being too favorable to foreigners, and an imperial commissioner has been ordered to consider whether he should be dismissed and punished.  
"The fact that the court should not hesitate to attack so influential a personage at the present crisis shows that it does not regard itself as powerless. Nor does it seem that Liu Kun Yi is able to resist the edict, and unless protected by the foreign consuls he might be sacrificed by the reactionaries. It is, however, believed that the British consul at Shanghai has given Liu Kun Yi strong assurances of support.  
"Meanwhile Chang Chih Tung, the other principal reformer in Yan Tse, is being patronized by the Germans, who have offered to guarantee him a loan. It is remarked in Shanghai that the German legation will be established at that port if it is removed from Peking—perhaps another indication that Germany, as well as France, declines to consider Central China as an exclusive British sphere of influence.  
"Concerning the Russian proposal, I can only repeat that the more it is looked at the less it is admired. The consents that continue to be made on it continue to be uncomplimentary. Some few critics admit that it may be simply due to that almost fanatical love of peace which animates the Czar and which induced him to assemble the peace conference at The Hague last year. Others say bluntly that it is an example of what is here called the "confidence trick." Russia will induce the allies to

retire from Northern China to demonstrate their good faith, knowing perfectly well all the while that she can herself come in again when a convenient opportunity arises. Meanwhile, as soon as the present difficulty is patched up, her influence with the government of which she will have become the patron and protector, will be predominant. She will have retired, as Gortchakoff advised after the Crimean war, to collect herself for the next advance and prepare to accumulate a great army in Siberia and swallow Manchuria and perhaps Pe Chih at leisure. Nevertheless, there is also a growing feeling that the Russian proposal, whatever may be the motives which inspired it, may, after all, have to be accepted as the best alternative in the difficult position in which the powers are now placed. None of them like the prospect of maintaining at Peking indefinitely, and the idea of becoming a campaign in pursuit of a disappearing Chinese government is even less attractive.  
"The probability is that the British reply, while intimating a willingness to retire from Peking at an early date, will point out that it is undesirable for the guarantee can be given for the conclusion of a satisfactory arrangement with the Chinese imperial authorities."

**A Terrible Railway Wreck**  
**Trains on the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Come in Collision.**  
**Thirteen Persons Killed and Thirty Injured in the Smash Up.**  
Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Thirteen persons were killed and over 30 injured in the appalling record of a rear-end collision between an excursion train and a milk train on the Bethlehem branch of the Philadelphia and Reading railway this morning at Hatfield, Penn., 27 miles north of this city.  
The killed are: Miss Annie Sherry, aged 21 years, South Bethlehem; Ira Ehret, aged 20 years, South Bethlehem; Robert Miller, 21, South Bethlehem; Richard Bachman, 40, South Bethlehem; William Ehret, 22; South Bethlehem; Charles Mozonigle, Allentown; Thomas Day, Allentown; Miss Mamie Kaelin, 14, Telford; Godfrey Kaelin (father of Mamie); William Blackburn, Amblers; Harold Landis, Hatfield; Harold Ackerman, Philadelphia.  
Injured: John Davis, Philadelphia, engineer of excursion train, skull fractured, critical; Albert J. Wagner, Philadelphia, fireman, excursion train, contusion of chest and legs, serious; William C. Rosland, South Bethlehem, baggage-master of milk train, head lacerated, serious; Michael J. Tighe, Allentown, legs crushed and bruised, serious; John Gorman, South Bethlehem, foot crushed; John McHugh, South Bethlehem, leg and thigh injured and hurt internally, but not serious; Abraham Truitt, Jr., South Bethlehem, deep scalp wound, contusion of back and internally injured, serious; Mrs. William Burk, South Bethlehem, injured internally; Miss Gertrude Burk, South Bethlehem, injured internally, both legs broken; P. J. McMahon, South Bethlehem, injured internally; Mrs. Morrison, arm broken and contusion of body; Irvin Newhardt, head badly cut; Mary Newhardt, South Bethlehem, crushed ribs; Miss Carrie Bachman, daughter of Richard Bachman (who was killed), chest crushed, serious; Miss Brennan, South Bethlehem, arm broken; L. T. Hardt, South Bethlehem, leg crushed; Edward Rees, Allentown, contusion of shoulder and legs; Mrs. Shabach, Allentown, both legs broken; William Schatz, Allentown, toes crushed; William Schatz, Allentown, thigh injured; Miss Schaeffer, Allentown, legs broken; Mary Koch, fractured legs; Lewis Knecht, Bethlehem, contusion of legs; George Landis, Bethlehem, scalp wounds; Mrs. Alfred Schmeier, Bethlehem, badly lacerated; Annie Miller, South Bethlehem, hips crushed; William Wilmer, South Bethlehem, badly lacerated; Mrs. Wilmer, legs crushed.  
The wrecked train consisted of ten day coaches and was the first section of a large excursion made up of people of Bethlehem, Allentown and surrounding towns to Atlantic City. This section carried only those persons who lived in Bethlehem and Allentown, and left the Union depot, Bethlehem, at 6:05 p. m., 35 minutes behind the milk train. The latter train consisted of two milk cars and two passenger coaches, and had stopped at every station on the road from Bethlehem en route to Philadelphia.  
At 6:50 a milk train drew up at the milk platform at Hatfield and in less than two minutes a special excursion train, running at the rate of 35 miles an hour, crashed into the rear of the milk train. The locomotive plowed through the two passenger coaches and crushed them as if they were egg shells. The milk car, immediately in front, was also badly wrecked, and four persons on the passenger car of the milk train were almost instantly killed. Fortunately there were very few persons on this train.  
The excursion train was a picture of indescribable horror. The locomotive was a mass of bent and broken iron and firmly held the bodies of its engineer and fireman beneath its great weight. Beneath the engine six of the twelve cars were broken in twain and the other five cars were thrown on their sides and completely demolished.  
Nine persons were killed in the first two cars and the others in these coaches were badly maimed. As soon as the crash came a terrible cry arose from the smashed cars, and those who had not been injured quickly crawled out or jumped from the cars and went to the assistance of the injured.  
(Continued on Second Page.)

**In South Africa**  
**Review of the Progress of the Campaign During the Week.**  
**Roberts Gave the Enemy No Chance to Secure an Advantage.**  
**No Immediate Hopes of Any British Troops Being Sent Home.**

New York, Sept. 2.—The London cable letter to this morning's Tribune has the following in relation to South Africa:  
"The South African campaign has made distinct progress this week and there is a general belief that the end is at hand. Some surprise was felt at the comparative weakness of Botha's resistance in the strong position he had selected and fortified. It had been suggested that the experience of Magerfontein might be repeated and the British would dash themselves in vain against the tiers of enfiladed trenches, but Roberts, unlike Methuen on the Modder, had plenty of mounted men, and unlike Buller on the Tugela, he was able to attack the enemy from the least favorable side. With the whole of the Natal army available on the south, he had French's cavalry and two infantry divisions from Pretoria available against the northern and eastern flanks of the Boer forces. Consequently, Botha had to retire as soon as a simultaneous movement from both quarters was developed, under pain of being surrounded and having to share the fate of Cronje and Prinsloo. So far he has avoided the catastrophe; he saved his guns and transport wagons and lost no prisoners to speak of.  
"It remains to be seen whether his army as an organized force will continue to exist. Most of the burghers are said to have retired eastward towards the Barberton mountains. Here, if they endeavor to make a stand, they should be hemmed in by the British army, which has at least 40,000 troops available, and compelled to surrender; but the probability is that the majority of them will disperse to their own homes, perhaps with the hope of again joining the commandos if they see a fair chance.  
"A minority of the fighting burghers with Kruger, himself and Louis Botha, Lucas Meyer and other officers, have gone to Lydenburg, and in this wild and broken country resistance may be prolonged for some time longer. Meanwhile Boer bands are in the field in several other portions of the disputed territory. There has been fighting between Theron's commando and the British to the south of Johannesburg, but the censorship has not permitted the particulars to be made known. Delany and Grobelaar's commando are at large in the western Transvaal, and Dewet has now worked his way back to the centre of the Orange River colony. His present following is small, but his name and reputation may gather adherents around him. Finally, at Ladybrand, between Bloemfontein and the Basutoland frontier, a burgher force has appeared on the border and threatens the British garrison of the town.  
"All this seems to show that, even if the regular operations of the campaign be soon brought to a close, no considerable number of Lord Roberts' army can be allowed to leave South Africa. It was hoped by the ministry that troops might be streaming home before the beginning of the general election in October. This is not now likely, and this fact may, after all, throw back the appeal to the country to a later date. Reinforcements are still going out to Roberts, who has lost over 40,000 men by death, wounds and sickness, and has several thousand more in hospital at the present time. It is significant that the Imperial War Office has asked the Canadian government to allow a portion of the colonial contingent, whose period of service expires this month, to remain in South Africa some time longer."

**VANCOUVER MEN DROWNED.**  
**Comox Cuts Skiff in Two—A. Lund and A. Vaughan Lost.**  
Vancouver, Sept. 2.—A very sad drowning accident occurred a few miles up the Coast from Vancouver last night. Four young men who had been camping near Powell Lake—Aubrey Lund, A. Vaughan, J. Shortt and J. Pride—rowed into midstream to meet and board the steamer Comox on her return home. The steamer, in the darkness, ran the boat down, striking it in the middle and cutting it in two. When Pride found himself in the water he shouted out: "Boys, are you all right?" Pride said he heard three of them shout back, "Yes." He then shouted: "I'll swim for the shore." Pride said certainly two others started out with him, but when he reached shore there was but himself and Shortt. Lund and Vaughan must have been drawn under by the steamer, or after swimming a short distance have become exhausted and sunk.  
Aubrey Lund was a clerk in the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, and Vaughan was in the employ of Messrs. Oppenheimer Bros. Oppenheimer Bros., chartered a tug to-night and sent it in search of the bodies.  
Agent—Like some awnings, mum? We at and fix 'em cheap.  
Housewife—I don't want awnings, they keep out the sun, and we get little enough sunshine here as it is.  
Agent—You need never use 'em, mum. They'll roll up.—N. Y. Weekly.  
More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

ADVERTISE IN THE COLONIST

## CENTRAL HOSPITAL BRONCHIAL CURE

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

For coughs and all diseases of the throat and lungs this preparation is in big demand throughout the British Empire. For sale by

**GEO. MORISON & CO., CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS**

SOLE AGENT FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA. 55 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

## Annexation of the Transvaal

Reported that General Roberts Has Issued the Formal Proclamation.

## Boers Capture Thirty-Five British But Brabant's Horse Rescues Them.

London, Sept. 2.—It is reported that Lord Roberts has issued a proclamation formally annexing the Transvaal to the dominions of the British crown.

Gen. Christian Dewet, according to the Daily Mail's Capetown advices, is reported to have appeared again along the railway near Weyersburg road.

Pretoria, Sept. 2.—Mr. Kruger and Mr. Steyn have gone to Barberton. It is believed that they are preparing for flight. The general opinion is that the war is now very near the end. But should the Boers construct strongholds in the bush or elsewhere and begin a system of raids, the British would require further large supplies of horses.

Gen. Buller has moved 14 miles north-west along the Lydenburg road, and crossed Crocodile river to Badfontein. He found the Boers concentrating in the Crocodile mountains.

A force of Boers, under Commandant Theron, broke through the British lines and captured and burned a supply train at Klip River station, taking 35 prisoners. Brabant's Horse proceeded thither, re-captured all the prisoners and drove the Boers into the hills.

Cd. Plumer disposed of a small commando under Commander Pretorius, east of Pinaars river, capturing 26 Boers, a number of wagons and a quantity of cattle.

## THE WRECKED CUTCH.

Capt. Newcombe and Some of the Crew Reached Vancouver.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Sept. 2.—Capt. Newcombe, of the wrecked steamer Cutch, and several of the crew arrived here to-night. Capt. Newcombe declines to talk freely for publication before he makes his official report to the company. He, however, made the statement that the second mate was in charge when the steamer was run on shore rocks at 11:30 at night. The rocks are plainly marked in the chart. Capt. Newcombe was asleep at the time of the accident. After getting the passengers ashore and looking after their comfort, he proceeded to Skagway and then chartered a steamer to take the passengers there, so that the accident delayed the passengers a very short time on their journey.

The cargo is a total loss, as it is all under water and consists chiefly of provisions and clothing. It is evident that Capt. Newcombe, however, conveyed favorable news to Mr. Darling, manager of the Union Steamship Co., for Mr. Darling says that he expects to see the Cutch in Vancouver in three weeks' time, and adds that the Cutch can stand more ill-usage, owing to her build, than any boat on the Coast.

## PRINCE CHING RECENT.

An Unconfirmed Rumor That He Has Been Appointed.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 2.—The official Messenger publishes the following despatch, dated Peking, August 20, from the Russian minister, M. De Giers:

"There is an unconfirmed rumor that Prince Ching has been appointed regent, but is afraid to return here unless the foreign envoys will guarantee his liberty. The government has received petitions from the diplomats in the interest of an amelioration of the situation, to invite Prince Ching to return to Peking and to give an explanation."

## ROSE CULTURE.

Some Sensible Advice on Pruning and Disbudding.

From Lonsman's Magazine.

You must prune properly and you must disbud. So important are these two that it is almost possible to draw a rigid line dividing the roses of amateurs into two classes: those which are properly pruned and disbudded and those which are not pruned or disbudded and which are not pruned or disbudded.

By proper pruning is meant cutting down the healthy shoots of the previous year to five or six eyes, and cutting all the weak and dead and very old wood right out. Some people object to cutting their plants low, on the ground that it diminishes the foliage, or is contrary to nature, or for some other reason equally trivial. If you left nature to do its work it precisely its own way, our gardens would soon become hopeless tangles; while, as for the foliage, you would get abundance of it if you cut the crowns. Disbudding, in the limited sense in which I have used the term, means merely removing the numerous small buds which usually surround the central calyx as soon as they appear. Nothing is lost by doing so. If the large flower is eventually cut, the small buds are necessarily taken with it; and if it is allowed to remain upon the tree, they come at best to a crabbed maturity beneath its fading petals. The very general neglect of disbudding, so trifling and so important as this is difficult to understand. No chrysanthemum grower, however small his stock and lukewarm his interest, would think of failing to disbud. The habit once acquired, it becomes a mechanical process almost unconsciously performed, and must not be confused with the more drastic measures of the exhibitor, who removes not only his buds, but all his more weakly shoots, in order to throw adventitious strength into a few especially vigorous ones—a practice which is quite unnecessary for the purpose of the ordinary grower.

## TO SAVE

All profits but the maker's on Harness buy direct from us. The biggest assortment of the most desirable and dependable Horse equipments made anywhere. We offer a wider range of choice than any dealer in the city can give you. The prices with all the profits of the middlemen cut out.

WADE & McKEON, 44 Yates St.

## Timely Sermon On Labor Topics

Eloquent Address Delivered by Pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Church.

## The Golden Rule the One Remedy For the Social Troubles.

The Metropolitan Methodist church was well-filled last night when Rev. Elliott S. Rowe preached upon the theme: "The Gospel and the Social Problem."

Taking for his text the golden rule from St. Matthew, vii, 12, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you do ye also unto them," for this is the law and the prophets. The eloquent pastor went to show that this last statement, "for this is the law and the prophets" was to the effect that the whole end and purpose of God's divine law would be found in the first and truest principles of human conduct, set forth in the earlier words, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye also unto them." From this it would appear to be rightly said that the purpose of this great law of

## Hickman-Tye Hardware Co.

Importers of LIMITED.

IRON-STEEL HARDWARE-PIPE FITTINGS

CUTLERY, GARDEN TOOLS, LAWN MOWERS AND RUBBER GOODS.

MINING AND MILLING SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C., Telephone 59

F. O. DRAVER, CTS.

The desire to be successful has far outdone the desire to do right; and so by greed and selfishness throughout all classes of the land would the decision be governed. The employer is not alone in the fault, however loud the outcry against him may rise. All are involved in bringing it about. The wild rush for "bargains" plays its full part, for every bargain means that some one's work is wasted, and many "bargains" have but the result of so cheapening the rate of wage that in the long struggle many find it hard to keep from starving.

This and slight of this want and privation is not always within range. So hidden and complex is the machinery that half the world may never suspect it; yet it is no less a fact that these "bargains" cost not only money, but health and virtue and life to someone.

Again, by Sunday labor, much more harm is done. It has, without mention of its religious aspect, a most depressing influence upon wages. When a seven days' week prevails no more is usually earned, and a week of no work is the result. There is a labor man's Sunday afternoon excursion.

After instancing the liquor traffic, too, Mr. Rowe closed with a strong appeal to his hearers. Each had but to keep quiet and wait the working out honestly and truly of the golden rule that the great problem of "How to Live" would be best solved.

What to do, and, after taking counsel with the violinist and vocalist of the party, went on the platform, unbooked the board inscribed with the name of Chickering, threw it to the ground, and stamped upon it. The violinist solemnly kicked it, and finally the vocalist danced upon it. The second part of the concert was then proceeded with.

For a certain intimate friend with whom he habitually stayed when he was at Glasgow, he was ready to do anything; and to oblige him he consented one day to accompany him to a large and formal dinner party—a kind of after-dinner party for which he had no taste. No sooner was the dinner at an end when the lady of the house asked von Bulow to play.

Bulow went to the piano without a word; but he only played a very short piece, frowning and scowling the whole time.

"What do you think of my piano?" asked the hostess.

"Your piano, madam," replied Bulow, still polite, "leaves something to be desired."

"Indeed!" pursued the imprudent lady. "And what ought I have done to it?"

"In the first place, it wants new wires."

"They shall have it."

"Then the hammers need new leather."

"They shall have it."

"And after that, to the leather there must be new hammers."

"Indeed!"

"Yes, madam, and I should next advise you to open the window and get two strong men to throw your piano into the street and make a bonfire of it!"

## AN EXCITING MINING RACE

Rush to Relocate a Promising Claim on Briggs Creek.

Special correspondence of the Nelson Tribune from Kaslo states:

The south fork of Kaslo creek was the scene of a rush on Tuesday night (August 28), when several parties went up to relocate Robinson Briggs' claim, the Trail. The claim is situated on Briggs creek, to be exact, and it is within three-quarters of a mile of the new famous Cork. Its vicinity to that claim caused the rush. Briggs held a two-thirds interest in the claim and W. J. Davenport the remaining one-third. They failed to do their assessment work and several parties were on the lookout to relocate, but Briggs gave a bill of sale to A. McQueen, so that the latter has the right to hold the property until midnight of the 28th, and could keep anybody off the ground till that hour, when the land reverts to the crown.

Mr. McQueen left here in the afternoon on a cayuse, which proved to be a trifle frisky, but he arrived at the claim before dusk, without serious accident. Exactly at midnight McQueen says he started to relocate. "There were no new stakes up when I started," he said, "and not until 20 minutes later could my parties arrive on the ground." These other parties were Alex. Linroth and another. They, aided by the light of a lantern, also restaked the ground and then returned to Kaslo.

The chief clerk in the mining recorder's office was proceeding to breakfast when his services were urgently asked for. The parties who had spent the night up the south fork were very anxious to get their claim recorded; but the chief clerk wanted his breakfast, and he politely requested the men to call round at the office during the hours named on the door. When the first hour came the parties were on the doorstep, which one entered the recorder's office first does not really matter. McQueen paid his fee and recorded the claim. Linroth called the claim the Patricks. But whether it will be Patricks, or Linroth's, or McQueen's, or somebody else's, the law courts will probably decide. For this, indeed, belong to J. A. Otto and W. G. Gervard, for it seems that they relocated the claim before McQueen, and they had their watches timed by a watchmaker before leaving town. They say that if McQueen can show them that he relocated first they will give a bill of sale. But they add, "McQueen can't do it." They have named the relocation Halifax No. 2.

The chief clerk in the mining recorder's office was proceeding to breakfast when his services were urgently asked for.

Christ was to teach men how to live together on earth.

Now the social problem might be stated as the question of the failure of a means of the necessities of life and of the equally enjoying the same without harming anyone, either ourselves or any others in the process. At the present time the world seemed very far indeed from that happy state and condition. The nations of the earth were engaged in all the horrors of racial war. Class issues were merely raging and as in the recent strike at Stevenson, interfering with the industries of the land, or, in the case of the riots in the American cities, undermining the whole groundwork of law and order. These were extraordinary happenings, of course, but it must be overlooked that they were in stern reality the superficial indications of what was going on below the crust of habit and usage, which was being so alarmingly disturbed.

The disturbances indicated that hundreds of children were dying for lack of proper nourishment here; and that thousands of men were dying there, without the opportunity of realizing their God-given talents.

The very struggle for existence was in many places so keen and hard that with thousands of wage-earners it was like the case of the shipwrecked sailors on the raft. In smooth weather it just supported them, but with the least disturbance they began to find themselves submerged. So it appeared to be, beyond all doubt, that the social problem of how best and happiest and easiest to live is yet unsolved.

This is not so, however, because the law of nature is not sufficient for her children's needs. Nor is it because the implements of industry are insufficient; nor, again, because men are incapable of appropriating to themselves from the stores of nature; but it is because the proper proportion of the products of labor do not reach the laborer. His share is so small as to prevent him becoming a consumer; and it is in the absence of the competitive system, the markets become glutted. His children go bare-footed, while small shops accumulate on the shelves and in the trade warehouses.

For this sad state no one class, however, is under the competitive system. The employer of labor, at the command of his market, must reduce his profits or reduce the amount of his wage-roll; and when the humanness of human nature is considered it is not startling if the "cut in wages" is resorted to; and so men and women barely live in the struggle.

The injustice remains, because as yet its removal is not desired. People have not yet reached that stage. Should a placetiste on the question be resorted to, people would vote for or against the golden rule accordingly as they thought it would bring more to themselves.

## ANECDOTES OF VON BULOW.

How the Master Rebelled Against the Piano Maker.

During a tour in America Dr. Hans von Bulow distinguished himself by an act of open rebellion against the tyranny of one of the great piano manufacturers. Into the service he had entered:

few years earlier, he had received from Steinway twenty thousand dollars on the understanding that he was to play exclusively for Steinway pianos; and it was suggested to Bulow that he might obtain an equally large sum if, in the manner, he would pledge himself to perform some weeks, he declared himself thoroughly satisfied with the new piano, and in consideration of the promised sum of money, agreed to perform on it exclusively during his American tour.

The Chickering, thought, not naturally, that the obligation contracted by Dr. von Bulow to restrict himself to their pianos carried with it a right on their part to announce the fact; and at the opening concert they caused a large board to be affixed to the piano with the makers' name painted upon it in gaudy letters. This reminder that he had placed himself in a state of servitude toward Chickering, and that he was playing upon Chickering's pianos, simply in order to advertise them, filled his heart with rage. He at once determined



ARTHUR CARTER.



FRANK FINCH-SMILES.

## HOME FROM THE WAR.

Three of the Victoria members of the first Canadian South African Contingent—Frank Finch-Smiles, Arthur Carter and J. W. Jones—are expected to reach Victoria this evening.

They will be met at the wharf on the arrival of the Islander by Mayor Hayward and a deputation of citizens and accorded a very hearty reception.

Frank Finch-Smiles is among the best-known members of the Victoria squad of the first Canadian contingent. An Englishman by birth, he came to Victoria a few years ago and, with the Barr Stock Co., which gave theatrical performances in the A. O. U. W. hall. He is an eloquentist of much ability, and on numerous occasions delighted Victoria audiences. He was among the first to volunteer in Victoria when the call to arms was made, was accepted, went with the first contingent and fought in numerous engagements, being severely wounded in the leg at the battle of Paardeberg. He is not yet fully recovered, being required to use a stick to support himself.

Arthur Carter, a native son, is not yet out of his teens; but he has been through the din and smoke of grim-visaged war. He formerly drove an express wagon in Victoria. His parents reside here. Harry Morton, of the Garriks' Head saloon, is his brother-in-law.

J. W. Jones, though born in the Old Country, has for a number of years been engaged in prospecting and mining on the West Coast, and has a host of friends, who are delighted at his safe return.

## A Terrible Railway Wreck

(Continued From First Page.)

Many were pinned down by the wreckage and had to be freed by the liberal use of axes. With three or four exceptions the dead were killed instantly, the others dying on the way to the hospitals. All the injured were first taken to a shed at the Hatfield station and the dead were removed to a barn. Messengers were sent to the nearby villages for physicians, and a relief train was telegraphed for from Bethlehem.

## A BLACK EYE.

Reason Why Baseball Is Falling Into Disrepute in the East.

From New York Sun.

The manager of the Brooklyn Baseball Club, Edward Hanlon, has expressed frankly to a reporter of the Chronicle Enquirer his conception of proper conduct on the part of ball players, looking on them as a belated and aggrieved lot of men.

Regarding the question of bad language, he said:

"The man who plays base ball is not a lot of dummies. They may call the umpire a 'stiff,' or a 'lobster.' If they think they have been unjustly called out; but this talk about bad language is merely all right. The league two years ago made a great deal about regulating the language of the players. We commend to them Mr. Hanlon's opinion that any criticism of the umpire is not positively indecent or vile in its nature."

Hilton's rejoinder to the complaint that the players constantly violate the rule forbidding them to question the umpire's decision, the necessary foundation of competitive sport, is still more interesting. "If a player steals a base and is called out by you expect him to rise and salame to the umpire, as though he were dancing the tango."

This sarcasm means, of course, that the habitual wrangling with the umpire and defiance of the rules on which his authority is based may go on so far as Mr. Hanlon is concerned, without limit short of actual riot. Of course the player is no more expected to bow to the umpire than he is to slug him. Under the rule there is nothing for the player to do but to retire to his seat the moment the decision is given. Until that becomes the practice baseball will carry the seed of rowdiness with it.

With players and managers settling at naught the most important rule of the ball field, it is no wonder that the National League's performances are a nursery of disorder and an offence to sport.

MILLS AND SHIPYARD, B. C. HEAD OFFICE, VICTORIA, B. C. LUMBER YARDS, ETC., WHITE HORSE, Y.T.

## Victoria-Yukon Trading Co.

LIMITED. BENNETT, B.C., and WHITE HORSE, Y.T.

Pioneers in the Lumber and Saw Building Industries on the Upper Yukon

BUILD THE WELL KNOWN V. Y. T. SCOWS.

A large stock of SCOWS READY FOR CARGO. Rough and dressed LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, Building Hardware, etc., always on hand at both Bennett and White Horse. FRED G. WHITE, Manager.

Properties For Sale By the B.C.

Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

In nearly all cases easy terms can be obtained. We have many properties for sale not included in this list. Inquire at 40 Government street.

A NUMBER OF VALUABLE FARMS on the Mainland and elsewhere in the valley. 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

A MODERN RESIDENCE, with 18 acres of land; all under cultivation; beautiful garden, well stocked with fruit, flowers and shade trees; sea frontage; only 15 minutes' walk from Port street car; or will be sold with smaller acreage. Apply at 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

FORT STREET—Part of the Heywood estate; just above Cook street; fine building sites; prices reasonable; easy terms. 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ROCKLAND AVENUE—Fine two-story residence one acre land; grand view; \$6,500; terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COR. YATES AND COOK STREETS—Two-story dwelling, \$3,500; cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

RICHLAND STREET—Full lot and 7-roomed cottage, \$2,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

HARRISON STREET—Lot and nice cottage, \$1,750; \$250 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COR. MENZIES AND NIAGARA STS.—One acre, \$3,500; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

CHATHAM STREET (near Cook street)—Lot 60x120; cottage six rooms, \$1,100; exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

NIAGARA STREET—14 lots and 2-story house, only \$10,000; exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

JOHNSON STREET (above Douglas)—Lot 60x120, 3-story brick and basement, 60x120; well located for factory of any kind; only \$10,000; exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

VICTORIA WEST (cor. of Mary and Frederick streets)—Two lots for \$800; handsome building site; view of the Strait; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ONE HUNDRED MONTHLY PAYMENTS of \$12.50 each will buy a nice 5-roomed cottage; names of streets, \$2,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COOK STREET (cor. of Chamber street)—2-story dwelling; one acre of ground; conservatory; \$8,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

SECOND STREET—Good 2-story house and lot, \$2,100; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

KINGSTON STREET—Two-story dwelling and lot 60x120, James Bay, for \$1,000, \$300 cash balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

CHATHAM STREET—Cottage and double front lot, \$850, \$100 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

M'CLURE STREET—Five-roomed cottage and lot, \$2,120; for \$2,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COLLINS STREET—Running through to Beechey street, 1/2 lot, 5-roomed cottage, \$1,000; \$200 cash; balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

JAMES BAY—Nice cottage and lot 64 by 180, facing south, on a good street; price \$1,400, \$100 down, balance on easy terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COOK AND NORTH PARK STREETS—5-story building, containing two stores, leased to responsible tenant only \$2,500. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

BLANCHARD STREET—A nice cottage is good locality, \$1,000. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

BATTERY STREET, Beacon Hill—Full sized lot and good 2-story dwelling, \$2,100. This is cheap. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

FOURTH STREET—2 1/2 acres; has been under cultivation; price \$1,750, \$250 down, balance on time, with \$3,000, 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

DENMAN ISLAND—100 acres, giving evidence of coal, \$750; terms. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

OAK BAY—3 1/2 acres, cleared; very pretty site; cheap. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

THE ARM—1 1/2 acres, cleared; waterfront; water pipes running past premises; whole amount of purchase money may remain on mortgage at 4 per cent; \$3,000, 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

SALT SPRING ISLAND Ganges Harbor—20 acres, good modern dwelling, with all conveniences; daily communication with Victoria; good fishing and shooting; only \$1,400. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

NORTH SAANICH—Three or four very large lots; see our list. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ESQUIMALT AND LAKE DISTRICTS—About 230 acres, within five miles of port office; blocks of five acres each; inquire for particulars at 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ESQUIMALT ROAD—Handsome building sites, just opposite naval recreation grounds, about 14 acres; cheap in order to close an estate. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

LAKE DISTRICT—A couple of small farms of 10 acres each; good buildings and all under cultivation; very cheap. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

VICTORIA AND LAKE DISTRICTS—About 700 acres, within five miles from port office, 200 acres under cultivation; splendid soil; or will sell in lots to suit purchaser; very cheap. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

LAKE DISTRICT—About 50 acres, partly shaded, adjoining a beautiful farm; very good soil and level ground; cheap. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

HIGHLAND DISTRICT—Three farms for sale in this district; buildings on each; from \$1,000 to \$3,000. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

MICHOSIN DISTRICT—An exceptionally fine farm of over 300 acres; about 100 acres under cultivation, which yields very heavy crops; orchard, etc.; good buildings, \$10,000; can arrange to purchase live stock, implements, etc. Apply 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

Many other farms in all parts of the province too numerous for publication. No. 2, 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

MISCELLANEOUS. FOREWARNED IS FOREARMED.—Fall is coming. What about your stoves? Call on us early. We can find it for you. A. Lewis, 10 Oriental Alley.

WHEAT HUNGRY.—Visit the Maryland Oyster and Chop House, on Government street, opposite the Old Post Office. Short orders a specialty. Popular prices. ad 127

TO THE BOARD OF LICENSING COMMISSIONERS.—Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply for a transfer of the liquor bottle license now held by us on the premises known as 39 and 41 Johnson street, from ourselves to Saunders & Gentry Co., Limited. B. J. SAUNDERS & CO., Victoria, B. C., July 18, 1900.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Individual instruction in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping. ad 127

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described land, situated about one mile north of Inverness Slough on a small island, commencing at a spot marked W. M. S. E. corner, thence 10 chains north, thence 10 chains south, thence 10 chains east, and 10 chains to place of commencement.

WILLIAM MORRY, Skeena River, B. C., Sept. 2, 1900.

LODGES AND SOCIETIES. VASCOBIA LODGE, No. 2, 40 Government Street, B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

AF&AM meets 3rd Wednesday of each month—Masonic Temple, 80 Douglas St., 8 p.m. A. MAXWELL MUIR, Secretary.

NOTICE. The undersigned wish to announce that they have opened their business at No. 47 Cormorant street, in the Hepburn Building, where they will be pleased to invite their friends to an inspection.

W. A. LUNG. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL IMPORTERS OF Chinese Silks, Teas, Rice, Nut Oil, General Merchandise, and Fancy Goods, Etc.

WONG FA, - - - - - Manager.

FUJI COMPANY, JAPANESE MERCHANT TAILORS. Suits made to order. New Fall goods just arrived. 156 Government Street, Victoria, B.C. S. FUSUYA, Proprietor.

THE WELLINGTON COLLIERY COMPANY LIMITED LIABILITY. NOTICE. The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary. Dated Victoria, 31st August, 1900.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RY. CO. NOTICE. The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary. Dated Victoria, 31st August, 1900.

Lakeside Hotel. COWICHAN LAKE. This popular resort, situated on the shore of Cowichan Lake, one of the largest in Vancouver Island, six hundred feet above the sea, is noted for its fishing. Tourists to visit British Columbia should not fail to pay this charming spot a visit. Special tickets are issued by the E. & N. Railway on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, good for fifteen days—\$5.00 return.

PRICE BROS. IF YOU WISH TO ADVERTISE IN NEWSPAPERS ANYWHERE AT ANYTIME Call on or Write

E. C. DAKES ADVERTISING AGENCY



## The Colonist.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1900.

Published by

The Colonist Printing &amp; Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

No. 47 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

## THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by Carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at following rates:

One year .....\$6.00  
Six months ..... 3.00

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

One year .....\$1.50  
Six months ..... .75  
Three months ..... .40  
Sent post paid to any part of Canada and the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

## NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising to ensure their being inserted should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p.m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p.m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p.m., consult the night editor.

## NOTICE

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Countess of Minto will hold a FULL DRESS reception at the Legislative Assembly on Tuesday Evening next, Sept. 4th, at 9 p.m.

## Vice-Regal Reception.

All who attend the public reception to-morrow evening held by His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada and the Countess of Minto at the Legislative Assembly Room, Provincial Parliament Buildings, are requested to provide themselves with plainly written cards to be handed to the Aide-de-Camp in waiting.

## LABOR DAY.

A holiday originally meant a holy day, but a long time has elapsed since it obtained its secondary meaning, for we find Shakespeare saying:

"If all the year were playing holidays,  
To sport would be as tedious as work."

The origin of holidays, though they were not always so called, is lost in the mists of history. We are told of those people who were

"Butchered to make a Roman holiday,"

and we can go further back than the time of Rome and find many occasions when labor was abandoned for a day or more of festivity. With the advent of Christianity, heathen holidays went out of vogue, but the Church was wise enough in her day to remember that "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," and holy days were substituted. Most holy days were consecrated to certain people who, for reasons good, bad or indifferent, were declared to be saints. By and bye saints became so numerous that if all their anniversaries were observed people would have been in the position indicated in the Shakespearean quotation above given. So a few of the special church festivals were set apart for observance by every one, and the rank and file of sainthood had to be content with observance by such individuals as bore their names. In many places men refrained from work on the day consecrated to their patron saints.

But all the holy days and holidays of the past were either of a religious or political character. The birthday of a sovereign or the commemoration of some event furnished the occasion for such days. Thus we have Guy Fawkes' day and the birthday of the Queen in British countries, and Washington's birthday and the Fourth of July in the United States. Possibly the first day to be set apart distinctly in recognition of a principle and unconnected with any event is Labor Day. It is the most recent of all the holidays, and, excepting Sunday, which is excluded from all reference in this article, the most widely observed. The same day is not set apart in all countries, but a very large proportion of the civilized world has devoted one day in the year to the public recognition of the dignity and importance of labor. This may be said to mark an epoch in the history of mankind. We have passed by the

stage when labor was regarded as a badge of servitude. We have outgrown the notion that it is a curse. We have learned that upon labor as a foundation the whole superstructure of our civilization rests. There never can again come a time when, as in France before the Revolution, the privileged class ground the workers into the dust, when the high nobility took no thought of what became of the toiling masses than if they were the beasts of the field. The awakening was a terrible one in France, and when the day of retribution came, possibly as many innocent as guilty suffered, but a lesson was taught which in most countries has been heeded. Russia has yet to learn the lesson. There is no Labor Day in Russia. Before one is established, the streets of more than one city are likely to run red with blood.

The value of Labor Day consists in the fact that it is a demonstration of the equality in social economy of all the members of society. Equality does not necessarily imply close social intercourse. This is a matter of individual selection. Like is attracted to like, and without a sympathy based on mutual interests, there can be little social enjoyment. Hence society is, and will always continue to be, divided into classes. But Labor Day is a recognition of the perfect equality of all the legitimate classes. It emphasizes the fact that the only sustainable cause of social ostracism is crime. Where such a holiday is observed there can be no sharply drawn lines between one portion of the population and another, but each will merge into the other, so as to form a whole that is bound together by mutual sympathy. The full consummation of this result has not yet been achieved, but distinct progress is being made in that direction.

It is, of course, impossible to think of Labor Day without at the same time having the mind dwell upon the labor organizations which have been instrumental in securing its recognition, and no reference to the occasion would be at all complete if it did not suggest to those who are affiliated with such organizations, that the rights which they enjoy carry with them corresponding duties. If the duties are lost sight of, the rights become a menace to the welfare of those who possess them. Liberty is a good thing, but, when liberty becomes license, it is an evil, and is almost invariably followed by tyranny worse than that from which it was originally a revolt. A sense of duty to others ought always to accompany liberty, if the latter is to be kept from being abused. It is right for organized workmen to insist upon their rights to the full, provided they at the same time recognize the rights of others. Hence the solution of social and industrial problems must always be approached in a spirit of compromise, not indeed of principle, for more vital to human happiness than the principle of individual liberty is the divine rule: "Do unto others as ye would that men should do unto you."

## ATLIN.

A correspondent writing from Atlin says: "Atlin is all right, and no one is more certain of this than those who are putting their money in to develop their claims." Following this statement are a number of particulars, which, not being told that they are for publication, we withhold. They certainly bear out the claim that the district is "all right." One fact mentioned in the letter is of such importance that we will make special reference to it. Our correspondent says, "The White Pass & Yukon railway have given me a rate of \$10 a ton on ore to Tacoma." Our first comment is that to be able to take quartz from Atlin to Tacoma for that price illustrates better than anything else what a change has taken place in the North through the construction of the railway, and also that it is evidently the wish of the company to do everything in its power to build up the industries of the North. But what we do not like is the word "Tacoma." It is not the fault of the company that this word occurs in the contract. To be sure it might have been "Everett," but so far as British Columbia is concerned, one place is as objectionable as the other. It is bad enough to have our gold dust and nuggets taken to Seattle for sale without having our gold ores taken to Tacoma for treatment. What is going to be done about this? Surely it is time that some steps were taken to prevent the State of Washington getting the cream of our mining industry while we have to put up with the skin-milk.

It is a matter of profound satisfaction that Atlin will repay the people who are enterprising enough to put their money into the development of its mines. Present indications are more favorable than those of the Trail or Boundary districts six years ago, and we are all familiar with the tremendous advance that has been made there. Unfortunately a great deal of the benefit of the opening of the mines there went to cities on the southern side of the international boundary. Let us hope that this can be prevented in the case of Atlin.

What the extent of the Atlin district is must remain a matter of speculation, but the known facts encourage the hope that it may be so great that Atlin proper will only prove to be a small portion of it. Yesterday we were able to announce the sale of the Britannia mine, near Vancouver, for a price which shows it to be a property of immense value. To-day we are able to speak of a contract made to carry ore from Atlin to Tacoma. These points are respectively a short distance from the southern and northern extremities of British Columbia. The distance between them is about 800 miles in a direct line. Between them gold and copper are found in more than one locality. The Lorne Creek diggings, on the Skeena, yielded considerable gold, and de-

posits of gold and copper ore occur in the Skeena valley. At the head of Douglas channel, which is further south than the Skeena, excellent copper-gold ore has been found in large quantities. We shall not speak of the many valuable deposits of ore on the Coast, for what we have now in mind is the region lying behind the Coast range. There is reason to hope that for the whole distance between Atlin and Vancouver, and eastward of the Coast range, workable deposits of precious and other economic metals will be discovered. Such deposits occur west of the Range. Of these the Treadwell mine and others in that neighborhood, and the mines on Texada and Vancouver Islands, furnish examples. How much more is hidden by the sea cannot be surmised. At some remote period in time there was a great subsidence of the land west of the Coast range, which carried down into cavernous depths of the sea whatever may in previous ages have been thrown up from the bowels of the earth or ground out from the rocks by the slow action of ice. East of the Range geological conditions remain as they were before this great subsidence, and it is highly probable that very much of value will be found there. Atlin, therefore, is full of promise, not only for itself, but for the whole western portion of the province.

The London Daily Mail very wittily remarks that the United States paid \$20,000,000 for the good will of the Philippine war.

If you are a stamp collector, you ought to be very careful about purchasing the Mafeking siege issue, for the market is flooded with counterfeits. We suppose it is not criminal to counterfeit such stamps, but it is decidedly dishonest.

The Imperial Institute has arranged for a course of lectures to be delivered in all the great commercial centres of the world, the subject being British manufactures. The belief is entertained that such lectures will lead to an immense increase in British trade.

The Amalgamated Society of Waiters in London has declared the taking of tips to be degrading, but the habit of taking them continues just the same. An instance is cited where an American copier king lately tipped the waiter with a \$10 note. A good many people would cheerfully put up with this sort of degradation.

Not having been able to induce the people of Great Britain to consent to the lowering of their flag in South Africa, Mr. William T. Stead has taken to writing letters to the United States press, in which he declares that Britain's military prestige is bankrupt. Military critics in foreign countries are quite of a different opinion. What is bankrupt is Mr. Stead's reputation.

The Paris Exposition seems destined to be a terrible financial failure. The loss will fall not only upon the Exposition management, but upon all the numerous concessionaires, who paid high prices for privileges. So great is the anticipated loss that it will be something like a national disaster. France will probably feel it more than she did the payment of the German indemnity.

The career of Sir James Joicey illustrates how, even in England, a man may rise to great affluence by strictly legitimate business. He began life with nothing but his industry, honesty and intelligence. His income is now over £1,000,000, chiefly derived from coal mines. An odd thing about him is that he is far from being a typical business man, but in looks, manner and tastes is like an artist.

When most people think of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland they have in mind a girlish person, very youthful in looks and manner. As a matter of fact, she is a large, fine-looking woman, with dignity and intelligence in every line of her face. She seems suddenly to have passed from girlhood to womanhood, and she is displaying traits of character, which suggest a possibility that under her rule Holland may take a higher place among nations than it has recently occupied.

## PRESS COMMENT.

## HOT ON HIS TRAIL.

From Halifax Herald.

The Conservatives of Prince Edward Island do not anticipate any great difficulty in carrying all the seats on the Island at the forthcoming general election with the exception of West Queens, the seat now held by Sir Louis Davies. Here they realized that they would have to meet all the experience and desperation could suggest, and that corruption could accomplish. But nothing daunted they have gone to work with a will and a determination to succeed. Mr. Stewart, Q. C., who has been selected a leading lawyer, and an excellent organizer, and is not the kind of a man to waste his time running for mere amusement. He will put up the best fight possible, and the chances, we should say, are even that he will win.

## A LIBERAL ON LIBERALS.

From Montreal Gazette.

The Herald makes a piteous appeal to "every man who has ever claimed to be a Liberal" to "take up the strength of the Opposition," and "close up with the Liberals." Sizing up the strength of the opposition is not exactly an encouraging recommendation to make to the rank and file, and it is still less so when it is backed up by a lecture on the shortcomings of the rank and file in the past. The Herald thus summarizes the recent history of the party leadership:—

"Liberals turned away from Mr. Macdonald when his enemies led about his personal honesty; many turned away from Mr. Blake when the other side discounted his effectiveness as a leader because of certain minor traits in a great and noble character; many turned away from Sir Richard Cartwright because the other side recognizing his talent and fighting power, made a dead set upon him and applied to him every dis-

SALES BY  
THE CUTHBERT-BROWNE COMP'Y, LD.

## AUCTION

Of a Large Quantity of

Valuable

## Furniture and Effects

ON AN EARLY DATE.

Particulars later.

The Cuthbert-Browne Co'y, L'td.

LEADING AUCTIONEERS.

## FOR EARLY FALL TRADE

Black Straw Sailor Hats  
Ladies' Tweed Suits  
And a big line of  
Battenberg Lace Braids

MRS. W. BIGFORD

61-63 Fort St.

THOS. HOOPER

ARCHITECT

ROOM 23, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

agreeable epithet on which they could lay their tongues."

If Liberals did act in this foolish and cowardly fashion, it would best become a Liberal newspaper to allow those dark pages in the history of the party to sink into oblivion. A party which deserts and betrays all its tried and trusted leaders in a quarter of a century is not likely to command itself to the confidence of the public by bringing these discreditable incidents to mind. But the fact is that the party organ is so rattled by the dark outlook for the general election that it is willing to wave any flag, even the party's dirty linen, to rally the forces for a forlorn hope.

## A COMPLIMENT.

From Montreal Gazette.

The British Columbia legislature heard and considered the budget propositions of the treasurer in eight hours. Whatever they waste in British Columbia, it is not the legislators' wind.

## A BREEZY VIEW.

From Sandon Postreank.

Laurier says that in the Dominion campaign he does not propose to go west of Lake Superior; he will leave all that country to Clifford Sifton. After the election Wilf. will discover that Sifton is not coming east of Lake Superior—except as a private citizen. The people west won't do a thing to Sifton. Large possessors of hostile electors are camped on his trail right now and his political hide will be dangling on a barbed wire fence that surrounds the bone yard of defeat when the returns come in. Oh, no! we won't do a thing to that fellow out our way.

## STILL ON TOP.

From Mail and Empire.

The cabinet dissensions on the subject of Israel Tarte remain unsettled and the matter is still on top.

Laurier, it seems, cannot persuade the objectionable minister to go; but has promised the Ontario dissidents to get him out of the way quickly.

Not at all surprising will it be if Tarte should win a distinct victory over the politicians whose nervousness prompted the campaign against him. Government agents are circulating a report that the elections may be postponed until the winter on the ground that Quebec is not ready.

The quarrel over Tarte has certainly delayed matters; but it would be folly to act upon a government rumor which may be designated as a species of Boer trap for the people.

Let the electors be ready for a call to arms at any moment.

## CANNON TO FIGHT HAILSTORMS.

Experiments in Protecting French Vineyards Pronounced Successful.

## CANNON TO FIGHT HAILSTORMS.

"An effort is being made in this section of France to dissipate hailstorms by firing cannon at the clouds," writes United States Consul Covert to the state department from Lyons. Fifty-two cannon, manned by 101 cannoneers and their chiefs, have been distributed over an area of 2,500 acres of rich vineyard. A high point in the vineyard to be covered by the experiments was selected as the central post of observation and a signal code adopted under which, when a shot is heard from the central post, all the cannon are fired at first twice a minute, and more slowly after the first ten shots. I translate the report of the first firing at the storm clouds this evening.

"The farmers of Denise were aroused at 1:30 o'clock on the night of June 5 and 6. The storm was very severe. The artillerymen, from forty to fifty strong, fired their guns and stopped the thunder and lightning. In the neighboring communes people saw columns of flame rise 300 feet above the cannon when the shots were fired. At several places women rebuked the cannon." "The wine-growers are organizing to attack the hailstorms in many of the great wine-growing regions of France. The two experiments thus far reported are pronounced successful. A writer in one of the wine-growers' organs says: 'The results obtained from these experiments are such that organizations will be established at once in all the places that have been heretofore ravaged by hail. I am told that the practice of shooting at the clouds was known in France over a hundred years ago and that it originated in Italy. It is to be more extensively carried on this year than ever before.'"

Always avoid harsh purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill three times a day.

He kissed her suddenly.  
"Well, I like that," she cried.  
"So do I," he answered coolly; and she let it go at that.—Hoxbury Gazette.

## VICTORIA COLLEGE.

Beacon Hill Park.

PATRONS:

Rt. Rev. Bishop of Columbia, D. D.  
Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge, D. D.  
Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, M. A.  
Rev. J. Campbell, D. D.

PRINCIPAL, J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

The oldest and most successful private college on the Coast. Moderate fees. DAY BOYS and BOARDERS from 8 years of age. Healthy outdoor seaside life, away from town, hence no sickness for more than 10 years.

## AUTUMN TERM

Monday, Sept. 10.

For prospectus apply to PRINCIPAL CHURCH.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ARCHIBALD CARMICHAEL, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Archibald Carmichael, late of Victoria, B. C., deceased, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims or demands duly verified and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are required to pay such indebtedness to the undersigned, H. Dallas Helmcken, of 20 Bastion street, Victoria, B. C., the executor of the personal estate of the said deceased, on or before the 14th day of September next, after which date the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Archibald Carmichael amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he has then had notice and that the said executor will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person of whose claim the said executor has not had notice at the time of the distribution.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 14th day of August, A. D., 1900.  
H. DALLAS HELMCKEN,  
Executor of the Estate of Archibald Carmichael, deceased.

## VICTORIA THEATRE

Tuesday and Wednesday

September 4 and 5.

## THE EVENT OF THE SEASON

THE VICTORIA

Young Ladies' Minstrels.

Under the patronage of His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Hayward.

## 30 IN NUMBER 30

Introducing the leading amateurs of the city in a grand minstrel festival. The most beautiful first part setting ever witnessed here. An olio of meritorious novelties. Gorgeous costumes, excellent orchestra. Under the direction of Miss Marrack and Mr. Elmer Lissenden, late of J. H. Haverley's minstrels.  
Admission, \$1.00, 75c, and 50c. Tickets on sale Friday next at Victoria Book and Stationery Store.

MISS S. F. SMITH  
A.T.G.M.

Certificated pupil Toronto College of Music and gold medalist of H. M. Field, Leipzig, Germany.

Will recommence classes in

PIANOFORTE PLAYING  
THEORY OF MUSIC

Assisted by MISS M. M. SILL, a certificated pupil of H. M. Field and Herr Professor Krause, Leipzig, Germany.  
For terms apply at studio, 47 FORT ST. between 1 and 6 p.m.  
Fall term begins Wednesday, August 1st 1900.

## The H. B. A. Vogel Commercial College.

P. O. Box 347, Vancouver, B. C.

We teach through office methods entirely and use no text books or "system" for book-keeping. We teach and place our students into positions in six months. Short-hand and typewriting. Send for illustrated prospectus.

## WO SANG

Merchant &amp; Tailor.

35 STORE STREET. FIT GUARANTEED. Victoria, B. C.

## Tenders.

Tenders, sealed, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned will be received for the following, viz:—

One winter Overcoat for Chief of Police, (blue cloth) \$25.  
Three Suits for Sergeants, (blue serge) \$27.50.  
Three Suits for Gaolers, (blue serge), \$25.  
Fifteen Suits for Constables, without vests, (blue serge), \$32.50.  
Two Suits for Detectives, \$25.00.

Tenders to furnish samples of serge and worsted for lining the uniforms.  
All tenders must be delivered not later than 3 p.m. Tuesday, September 4 at the office of the undersigned, where also specifications can be seen.  
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,  
City Hall, Purchasing Agent.  
Victoria, B. C., August 29th, 1900.

## W. J. HANNA

Funeral Director.

Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, N.Y.  
Removed to Pajaro opposite Hotel Priard, MacGregor Block.

## Ireland's Famous Whiskies.

WILLIAM JAMESON'S HARP BRAND

GEO. ROE'S STAR BRAND

"D.W.D." SHAMROCK BRAND

DISTILLED AND BOTTLED BY THE  
DUBLIN DISTILLERS CO., Ltd.

TO BE HAD OF ALL LEADING GROCERS AND WINE MERCHANTS.

LAW YOUNG &amp; CO., - Montreal, - Sole Agents for Canada.



Pither &amp; Leiser, Sole Agents Victoria B. C.

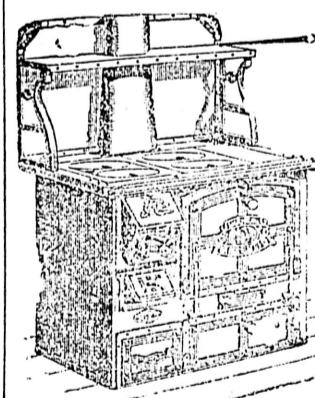
## E. G. PRIOR &amp; CO., LD., LTD.

THE MASSEY-HARRIS

Lightest, Strongest and Best on Earth,  
Steel Frame. Roller Bearings.

Wagons, Buggies, Etc. Mill and Mining Supplies

## E. G. PRIOR &amp; CO., Ltd.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOPS.  
Catalogues on Application.

THE GREAT MAJESTIC RANGES are the best, and therefore the cheapest ranges in the world.

Geo. Powell &amp; Co.

AGENTS.

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Gov't St

Fruit Jars, all sizes.  
Fruit Jar Fillers.  
Jelly Glasses, all sizes.  
Granite Fruit Kettles, all sizes.  
Fruit Jar Rubber Rings, all sizes.  
Stoves, General House Furnishings and Hardware are our special lines.

## Cheapside

VICTORIA, B. C.

## Albion Iron Works Co., Ltd.

Are now offering their large  
variety of

## STOVES and RANGES

At Wholesale Prices

Don't buy an Imported Stove when you can buy  
the Home-made Article for less money.A call at their store-rooms on Store Street and  
Pembroke Street will convince you.

Plating in all its Branches is now Executed

by Competent Workmen



## Watching The Prescription

The health that results from the medicine depends upon the ingredients used and the care employed in putting them together. Our filling of the prescription is insurance that the physician's idea will be conscientiously carried out, with the purest and best materials. Satisfaction guaranteed. Try Funke's Chocolates.

**CYRUS H. BOWES,**

CHEMIST.

98 Government Street, near Yates Street. Telephone 425.

## Stouard's Jewelry Store

63 YATES STREET.

ONE DOOR ABOVE BROAD STREET.

**A STRONG NICKEL WATCH**

Stemwind and set, full jewelled escapement, warranted 5 years, special reduced price.

**\$2.50 AND \$3.00**

The above is cheap at \$5.00. We have upwards of 500 on sale. Best watch bought for cash. Take advantage of this offer while it lasts.

## LABOR DAY

Being pronounced a Holiday, our establishment will be closed all day. Our customers are respectfully requested to telephone their orders early to-day.

**Ersine, Wall & Company.**

## Mantels Tiles and Grates

A particularly fine assortment on hand. Call and inspect these art goods. Estimates cheerfully given.

AGENT FOR LUXURY PRISMS.

**W. J. ANDERSON,**

Langley street, cor. Courtenay.



There Is No Need to Send Away for Your

## GUNS AND AMMUNITION

As we have the largest and choicest stock in the province to select from.

**JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.**

115 Government St. Repairs BY SKILLED WORKMEN. Victoria, B. C.

## Cash Prices for Tuesday and Wednesday 5 Per Cent Off or Stamps

1 lb. Choice Mixed Candy.....	\$ .10	3 lbs. Ginger Snaps.....	\$ .25
Armour's Star Bacon, lb.....	.18	Choice Ham.....	.19
1 X. L. Ceylon Tea, lb.....	.30	Rajah Tea.....	.20
Choice Dried Prunes, lb.....	.04 1/4	Postum Cereal.....	.25
3 pkgs. Grape Nuts.....	.50	2 pkgs. Shred W. W. Biscuits.....	.25
15 lbs. Van. Gran. Sugar.....	1.00	Snow Flake Flour.....	1.00

## Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas St.

### RECORD OF VOTES CAST.

An Interesting Return Presented by the Honorable the Provincial Secretary.

From the returns of the Hon. Mr. Prentice, provincial secretary, to the house it would appear that the number of votes cast at the recent election were as follows:

Electoral Districts—	Number of Ballots.
Westminster:	
Riding of Delta.....	729
Riding of Chilliwack.....	534
Riding of Dewdney.....	634
Riding of Richmond.....	580
New Westminster city.....	1,195
Vancouver city.....	4,248
Yale:	
West Riding.....	510
East Riding.....	1,060
North Riding.....	986
Lillooet:	
East Riding.....	212
West Riding.....	227
West Kootenay:	
Revelstoke Riding.....	899
Slocan Riding.....	1,221
Nelson Riding.....	1,604
Rossland Riding.....	2,631
East Kootenay:	
North Riding.....	435
South Riding.....	1,018
Cassiar.....	489
Victoria city.....	3,062
North Victoria.....	285
South Victoria.....	476
Esquimalt.....	410
Cowichan.....	341
Alberni.....	202
Nanaimo city.....	872
North Nanaimo.....	506
South Nanaimo.....	474
Comox.....	643

### CARIBOO ROAD.

Tenders Which Were Submitted For Keeping That Thoroughfare Open.

From the return of Hon. Mr. Wells, chief commissioner of lands and works regarding the tenders for the keeping open of the Cariboo road between Cottonwood and Barkerville during the past winter, it appears that seven tenders had been submitted through Government Agent Brown, of Barkerville. They were as follows:	
J. H. Campbell.....	\$747 50
Henry Moffat.....	530 00
A. E. Allison.....	685 00
A. Kelly.....	725 00
W. Blackwood.....	555 00
Robert Jones.....	697 00
S. A. Rogers.....	749 00

See Spencer's Ad. of Special Sales, page 6.

Concert at Beacon Hill.—To-day being a legal holiday the Victoria City band will give a concert at Beacon Hill, commencing at 2:30 p. m. sharp. Bandmaster Emil Pfendner has prepared a fine programme, which will, no doubt, please all who avail themselves of attending Victoria's park. The programme is as follows:

Overture—"Jolly Robbers".....	Suppe
Selection from Comic Opera—"Serenade".....	Gungl
Selection from "The Merry Widow".....	Herbert
Rag Time Dance.....	Wolf
Intermission.....	
Selection of Popular Airs.....	Mackie
(Introducing "She Knew a Lobster When She Saw One," "The Pride of the Pier," "My Little Lasses Candy Corn," "I Won't Play Second Fiddle to No Yaller Girl," "Just as Daylight Was Breaking," "Toll It to Me Always," "I'm Tired of Dodging Dad Installment Man.").....	
"Gems of Ireland".....	Bonnet
Mazurka Russe—"La Czardas".....	Ganne
March—"Commander in Chief".....	Witt

Value of Advertising.—That the Colonist is an excellent advertising medium was exemplified yesterday in a striking manner. In Sunday's issue among the "Lost or Found" advertisements, was inserted a notice offering a reward for the return of a lady's purse containing \$23. A few hours after the paper had appeared on the streets, the missing purse, with its money and other valuables intact, was returned to its owner.

See Spencer's Ad. of Special Sales, page 6.

Real Hair Switches.—Wigs, hair-dressing, shampooing, cutting, etc. Combings made up in any style. Mrs. C. Kosche, 55 Douglas, near Fort street.

Light Dog Carts.—Natural wood, beautifully finished, very stylish; suitable for medium-sized horses. E. G. Prior & Co.

A Masterpiece.—"Confidentially," said the statesman, "I wrote that plank in the platform." "I congratulate you," said his friend, heartily. "I read it over three times, and I'm blest if it doesn't carry the party to anything!"—Puck.

## LABOR DAY!

SEPTEMBER 3rd, 1900.

GRAND

## Excursion to Nanaimo

Under the Auspices of the Trades and Labor Council.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP ONLY \$1.50

CHILDREN UNDER TWELVE 75c.

TRAINS LEAVE AT 8 and 9 a.m.

RETURNING TRAIN LEAVES NANAIMO AT 8 p.m.



## Canned Good Things

In summer time and winter time and all the year 'round you will find the best canned goods are sold over our counters. No matter whether they are fruits, meats or vegetables we are sure of their superiority, and can recommend them.

BRANCH STORE AT ALBERNI.

**The Saunders Grocery Co., L't'd.**  
JOHNSON STREET.

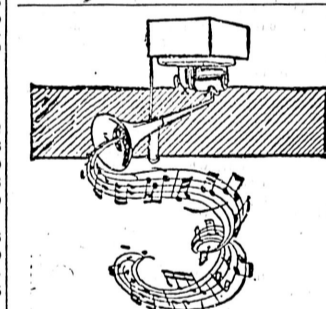
## Special Telegram From Paris.

"REMINGTON" Typewriter has won Diploma of Grand Prix, Highest Award Paris Exposition.

The Grand Prix is the highest award granted by the French government, and is given for EXCEPTIONAL MERIT ONLY.

This shows that the Remington still holds the lead over all competitors.

**M. W. WAITT & CO.**  
LOCAL DEALERS.  
No. 44 Government St.



## Music In Your Heart.

There will be a song of pleasure which your words will express when you see our special midsummer offerings and note the quality. Then too, the price will be interesting. We furnish you harmony of goods and prices, and insure your pleasure.

FLETCHER BROS.

Music Dealers No. 33 Government St.

## See the Difference?



You will also feel the difference in using Spectacles adjusted by us. The rapid increase in our optical practice means that our work by the grant and that the people know it. No charge for examination.

**BLYTH, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN**

65 Fort Street, near Douglas.

### SHORT LINE TO EUROPE.

Railway to Lonsburg and Steamers From There to Liverpool.

From Montreal Gazette.

Advices received in Montreal say that the projected Cape Breton railway will construct a line from Lonsburg across the Strait of Canso to Lonsburg, a distance of 100 miles, with a branch to Sydney. This, it is added, was made a fact by the granting of the necessary concession by the federal government. Ultimately, it is given out, this line will make a link in the contemplated Atlantic-Pacific railway, together with the Canada Atlantic, the Great Northern of Canada and other lines which are already built or in course of construction.

The cost of the railway and bridge will be in the neighborhood of \$8,000,000. Construction will begin as soon as the final survey is completed. This will probably be within the next six weeks. The contract for the work has been awarded.

One of the ventures of the new project, which has been subsidized to the amount of \$3,200 a mile, includes a line of fast steamers from Lonsburg to Liverpool, which will greatly lessen the distance, as it is a shorter route than between New York and Liverpool. As the Lonsburg harbor is open all the year around it has some advantages over others of a similar nature. The country is rich in coal, iron ore, copper and other minerals, and from the development of these resources and from the product of agriculture the company expects to make its earnings. Another class of profitable freight will be salmon and lobster, for the forwarding of which industries cold storage warehouses will be built.



## Stylish Men

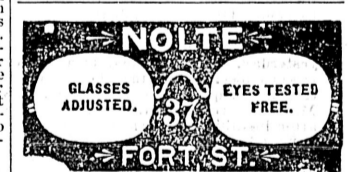
Who "know what is what," come to us regularly for their furnishings.

The stock is always large and late, and the assortment of sizes, colors and patterns is complete at all times.

You'll be satisfied with what you purchase here, because it will be the correct thing.

## W. & J. Wilson

83 GOVERNMENT STREET.



Fort St.



Sealed tenders will be received by the up designed, up to noon of Thursday, 20th September, for the purchase of Lot 176, Cassiar District, containing 101 acres, situated at the Junction of Pine Creek with Atlin Lake. The sale will be subject to payment by the purchaser of the appraised value of the improvements which have been made on the lot, and no tender of a less price than \$5.00 per acre will be entertained.

W. S. GORD.

Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works. Lands and Works Department. Victoria, B. C., 10th August, 1900.

## CUT WORMS

Chrysothrips is sure death to this pest. Just the thing for spraying and sprinkling. A trial will prove this. At all drug stores.

**Sunshine Man's Co.**  
TELEPHONE 823.

## FREE TO WOMEN

I will send to any lady a receipt for painful or delayed periods. It will relieve in 2 to 3 days. Absolutely harmless. MORTON, 27 W. Ferry Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

## VICTORIA TIDES.

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 18.6 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt Dry Dock.

Monday, Sept. 3.		Tuesday, Sept. 4.	
Time.	Height above zero	Time.	Height above zero
3:10 a.m.	2.8 feet.	1:05 a.m.	2.6 feet
11:40 a.m.	8.0 feet	12:30 p.m.	8.1 feet.
3:30 p.m.	7.8 feet.	4:10 p.m.	7.6 feet.
7:35 p.m.	8.1 feet.	9:00 p.m.	7.8 feet.

## Fire Insurance.

**Heisterman & Co.**

## LOCAL NEWS.

Men's sample shoes, \$1.50, at Russell's.

Granite fruit kettles at Cheapside.

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.

Blue Ribbon Tea is simply delicious.

Drink "Hondl," purest and best of Ceylon teas.

## A CLOSE SHAVE.

Will not hurt you a bit if you use Elder Flower and Witch Hazel Cream on your face after the operation. Every one who has used it says it's just the thing. 25c. a bottle at Davies' Drug Store. Open day and night, 32 Government St., successors to C. E. Jones.

Fruit jars and rubber rings at Cheapside.

Clarke & Pearson, sole agents for McClary's Famous Stoves and Steel Ranges.

Dr. Verrinder has returned to Victoria and resumed dental practice, 17 Five Sisters' block.

Headquarters for British Columbia and Alaska Indian curios and relics. F. Landsberg, 43 Johnson street.

Forty patterns of dinner services on porcelain and china, ranging in price from \$7 to \$100, at Weller Bros.

In buying tea you want something without a suspicion of adulteration. You get it in Hondl Ceylon Tea, which reaches this market direct from the

See Spencer's Ad. of Special Sales, page 6.

The Victoria News Co., stationers and booksellers, office stationery. R. T. Williams, manager, 86 Yates street.

Farmers, Attention!—Highest price paid for hay and grain at Blue Post, 114-116 Johnson street. Full lines of groceries, wines and liquors. Telephone 497.

A special sale of jardiniere this week at Weller Bros. Prices lowered to reduce stock.

## EBONY GOODS

We have the best assortment and will give you the best value in Ebony Goods in the city. Ebony Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Military Brushes, Cloth Brushes, etc. Call and see them. It is a pleasure for us to show you these. F. W. Fawcett & Co., chemists, Government St., opposite Bank of B. C.

Seattle P.-I. arrives at 1:30 p. m. day of publication. Delivered 75c. per month. Frank Campbell, agent. For sale by all newsdealers.

See Spencer's Ad. of Special Sales, page 6.

Table Delicacies.—For something nice and toothsome call at the Ideal Provision Store, 72 Yates street. We make a specialty of boiled hams, cold roast meats and veal and ham sausages. A full line of Pine Old English Cheese.

English down quilts and cushions in very pretty coverings and popular prices, at Weller's.

See Spencer's Ad. of Special Sales, page 6.

Successful Hunters.—Reports from the sportsmen which reached the city yesterday all told of good bags being taken in the districts by the hunters. Grouse are reported as very plentiful, one man succeeding in bringing down no less than 20 in the vicinity of Goldstream. An abundance of venison is now in the local market. The exodus to the hunting grounds this year by Victoria sportsmen is far in excess of that noted in previous years.

Vice-Royal Movements.—Early on Wednesday morning His Excellency the Governor-General and Countess of Minto, with their suite, will board the Quadra at Oak Bay and proceed to Vancouver. Their itinerary from the latter point has already been published in the Colonist. Lady Minto's children will remain in Victoria for a week or more, joining the vice-regal party after the latter have finished a tour of the Kootenay country, and are en route east.

A Pleasant Sunday.—The excellent weather which prevailed yesterday had the effect of depopulating the town to a very considerable extent. The biggest crowds of course went to Macaulay Plains, where the Fifth Regiment held a drumhead service in the afternoon and band concert in the evening. The City band concert at Beacon Hill was also well patronized, and there were numerous visitors to that charming suburban resort—Oak Bay.

See Spencer's Ad. of Special Sales, page 6.

Some new lines of furniture covering, tapestry, table covers and curtains, at Weller's.

SEA & GOWEN,  
Gents' Furnishers.

80 Douglas Street. I. O. O. F. Block

## New Shapes, New Shades.

We are quite sure you'll be pleased with our new and extensive line of Hats.

We have selected the stock with a view of giving the best shapes and shades to those who want fashionable Hats for fall.

SEA & GOWEN,  
Gents' Furnishers.

80 Douglas Street. I. O. O. F. Block



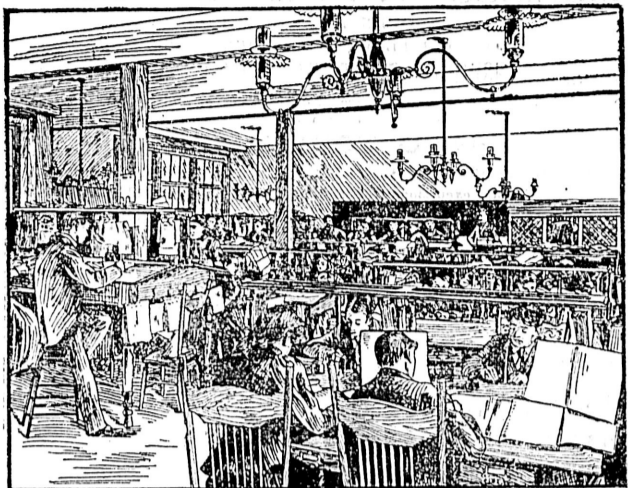


## Good Building Sites For Sale.

One and a half acres on Rockland Avenue, commanding a fine view towards Mt. Baker.  
Two and a half acres on St. Charles street. This property is one of the best building sites left, commanding a good view, and is for sale at a reasonable figure.  
One acre on Rockland Avenue. A very choice situation indeed, with a magnificent view.  
One and a half acres on the Old Esquimalt Road, for sale at a very low figure.

**Pemberton & Son,** 45 Fort St.

**THE H. B. A. VOGEL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE**  
VANCOUVER, B. C. P. O. BOX 247.



SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PROSPECTUS.

### THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,  
Victoria, Sept. 2—8 p.m.  
SYNOPSIS.

The pressure has given away over the province owing to the passage to the northward of a low area from the ocean which is now central in Alberta, but the barometer still remains high on the Coast. The weather is fine and warm from the Pacific to the Rockies, while from Qu'Appelle eastward it has been showery, and a thunderstorm occurred at Port Arthur.

#### TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria .....	49	69
New Westminster .....	43	70
Kamloops .....	40	70
Barkerville .....	44	62
Calgary .....	41	76
Winnipeg .....	56	66
Portland, Ore. ....	58	82
San Francisco, Cal. ....	56	95

#### PORCASCES.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time), Monday:  
Victoria and vicinity: Light to moderate winds from south and southwest, partly cloudy, not much change in temperature. Lower Mainland: Light winds, partly cloudy and warm, with light showers Monday night or Tuesday.

#### VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon, and 5 p.m.

	Deg.	Deg.
5 a.m. ....	50	Mean .....
Noon .....	61	Highest .....
5 p.m. ....	66	Lowest .....
The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:		
5 a.m. ....	Cal.	
Noon .....	4 miles south	
5 p.m. ....	8 miles south	
Average state of weather—Clear.		
Sunshine—12 hours.		
Barometer at noon—Observed .....	30.116	
Corrected .....	30.011	

#### NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected .....

#### THE CONTENTED COW.

The placid heave, to contemplation wed,  
Moves lazily along the sunny slope;  
Unanchored by a galling chain or rope,  
She swings her tail of soft Venetian red  
Until she knocks the hungry horse-die head  
Over heels, and, unannoyed, proceeds to mope.  
And munch the mead, or sullenly to lope  
Around the green, by fatty fawn fed,  
And kick her hind legs high, in joy-fraught,  
No'er fondly seeking that within a time,  
As brief as that which scoops our  
sends and scots  
Her lonesome dream will crumble into naught,  
E'en while her shell shall rise to heights sublime,  
In stews, soups, butters, gelatins and  
boots.  
H. M. Munkittrick, in Puck.

#### "HUNGER IS THE BEST SAUCE."

Yet some people are never hungry. What-  
ever they eat has to be "forced down."  
There is, of course, something wrong with  
these people. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla  
a short time they are given an appetite  
and then they enjoy eating and food  
nourishes them. If you find your appetite  
failing, just try a bottle of Hood's. It is  
a true stomach tonic and every dose does  
good.

The best family cathartic is Hood's Pills.

#### REPARTEE.

I raised the cup  
To take a sup,  
My love to pledge in sparkling wine.  
"There's many a slip  
'Twixt the cup and the lip,"  
She said, her face bent close to mine.

I dropped the glass  
And kissed the lass,  
Which, more than wine, was to my taste.  
"There's many a slip  
'Twixt the cup and the lip,"  
I said, as my arm slipped round her waist.  
—Life.

### Invertavish Nursery

Holly, Box, Chestnut, Magnolia, Tulip,  
Junipers, Pines, Japan Maples, Monkey  
Puzzles and various other beautiful trees  
and shrubs for sale. Building lots also.  
J. S. HELMCKEN.

ing the greater part of the siege 414 people lived in the compound, and 304 marines and 65 volunteers, commanded by Captain Poole, defended the place. Eleven civilians were killed and nineteen wounded; 54 marines and soldiers were killed and 112 wounded.

The United States forces did not enter Peking until an hour or more after the British. Then General Chaffee, riding at the head of the Nineteenth Cavalry, marched to the Tartar wall. An American marine appeared on the wall and shouted a welcome. "Where can we get in?" asked General Chaffee. "Through the canal," replied the marine. "The British entered there two days ago." The Americans, though late, received none the less hearty welcome when they entered the city. On entering they professed their surprise at the appearance of the besieged. Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister, was shown and in immaculate tennis flannels and a bow tie, Mr. Conner, was equally presentable. Only a few civilians were seen carrying arms. On the other hand, the rescues were haggard and rough-bearded. They dragged themselves along as if ready to drop, their khaki uniforms dripping with perspiration and black with mud. Beneath their mud-caked appearance, however, the Chinese were seen on a second glance to be pale and worn. The ministers looked like invalids.

There was in the vicinity, too, many reminders of the tragedies. There was a plot of graves with new wooden crosses, and at the second secretaries' office was a hospital and a Chinese contingent of the defenders were in the hospital wounded except four.

The attack on the legations was the strongest from July 17 to July 25. At the latter date a nominal truce was made with the Tsang 14 Yamen and extended to August 3, although the Chinese repeatedly violated it. There was considerable rifle fire from August 3 to August 11, and then the Chinese mounted smooth bores. The mainstay of the besieged was an old gun used by the British in 1860, which was found in a junk shop by "Alfred," where a United States gunner. This was mounted on a Russian carriage found by an Italian. Ammunition was fitted to it, and it was called the International gun.

The Chinese admit that they lost at least 3,000 during the siege. The foreigners did not waste their ammunition, shooting only when a target offered. The Chinese method was a continuous, heavy and indiscriminate fire. They would frequently advance to the barricades at night, creeping up with their faces covered, and then the morning the besieged would find a new wall a few feet closer. They were so close finally that the enemy could be heard talking. During the last two nights the Chinese could be heard urging their men to charge the foreigners and exterminate them before the relief came. The Chinese soldiers replied that they could not stand the bayonet. The night before the relief they fired about four thousand rounds.

The relief of Peking was a notable achievement, chiefly for the forced march of four miles over a narrow, single, difficult road and in sickening weather. The opposition offered by the Chinese dwindled steadily each day after the fights at Pei Tsang and Yung Tsun, until the relieving columns were in sight of the city. The defense of the city, considering the possibility of the case, was accordingly weak. The Japanese were still hammering away at the wall of the northeast section when the letter was despatched. It was thought that the Chinese concentrated their forces there and thus gave the British and Americans an easy entrance.

Speaking of the entrance of the Americans, another correspondent says: They advanced along the left canal under cover, the 14th infantry leading, with the 9th infantry and the marines following. Capt. Kelly planted a battery on a hill and shelled a pagoda near the Che Ling gate until the infantry got close in. The relief column was extended under cover before the wall about 300 yards away. Company E then went forward under the fire of the sharpshooters and scaled the corner of the gate, and Lieut. Gohn planted the regimental flag. The regiment then crowded with the Russians through the gate unopposed.

The last five days' marching for the relief column was the worst. The thermometer was often over 100 degrees. The country was deep with sand, and the march led through shadeless fields of tall corn. The Japanese possessed the strongest endurance, and, being provided with the best transport, they made the pace. The British and Americans were pushed to keep up. Gen. Fukushima, of the Japanese, said his troops could have reached Peking two days before he did. And this was taken as granted. They never seemed to rest. The cavalry and the mounted police were thrashing the country ahead of their flanks, and their outposts kept in constant contact with the enemy, pressing the latter so close in their hurried retreat that they threw away their pots, sleeping mats and clothing.

A Chinese refugee who has reached Tientsin from Peking, which he left during the siege of the legations, says that as the Empress was about to give her consent in writing to the decree calling upon her generals to proceed to the attack of the legations and to war with the foreigners, the Emperor prostrated himself before her and, in a broken voice, with emotion and despair, besought her to pause before sending the government troops to attack the legations, thereby plunging the empire into war and putting matters beyond recall. The refugee, in an article translated for the North China Daily News, describes the interview as follows: "If I alone," cried His Majesty in despairing accents, "were to suffer and die as a consequence of what you have done and intend by and by to do, gladly would I die in atonement for the catastrophe you design for China; but I beseech Your Imperial Majesty the Empress Dowager to spare the lives of the hundreds of millions of my poor, unoffending subjects throughout the empire. What have they, I ask Your Majesty, done to merit the calamity that will be in store for them by the fatal steps your counselors intend to take? I beseech Your Majesty to stop here, it becomes too late. A myriad times do I pray you to reconsider your decision before launching on a policy which will endanger the very foundations of the empire which my forefathers handed down to me to nourish and to protect from harm. I would rather die ten thousand deaths than see all the sufferings that are in store for my myriads of unfortunate subjects"—here His Majesty broke down utterly. His despairing words would have touched a heart of stone, but alas! the Empress Dowager drew back a look of contempt on the Emperor, drew back her robe and, kneeling, utterly ignoring the prostrate Emperor, who, when saying his last words, had impulsively moved forward a step and clutched the hem of his imperial aunt's robe, the picture of helpless despair and impotence. It only required Prince Chun, who sat down before the throne with his Manchus, to address a loud tone, and the Empress Dowager to say, with a contemptuous shrug of the shoulder,

## W. T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER

Friday Sept. 7, at 2 p.m.

Almost New and Good Quality  
Parlor, Dining Room, Bed  
Room and Kitchen  
Furniture

Full contents of a nicely furnished cottage  
Particulars later.  
WM. T. HARDAKER,  
The Auctioneer.

ders—"What does His Majesty the Emperor know about such things any way?" to break utterly the heart and opposition of the unfortunate Emperor, His Majesty at once rose and, weeping, left the council chamber.

If you have never tasted Jesse Moore "AA" whiskey, try it and be convinced that it is the best whiskey in the world.

### THE RICHELIEU MINE.

Getting Ready to Make Daily Shipments of Ore.

From the Nelson Tribune.

Henry Roy, manager of the London Consolidated and Richelieu mines, of Coffee creek, leaves for the properties with David McBeth, who is taking an outfit and a gang of men up to commence work on the wagon road. The road extends from the south of the creek to a point nine and a half miles away, where a tramway from the mine will end. It is the intention of the company to ship steadily after the road is completed.

The Richelieu property has been worked constantly for a little over three years and development has reached an advanced stage. Mr. Roy states that the company could work 500 men for a couple of years more without exhausting the ore already blocked out. In the course of development a large amount of ore has been taken out and is now on the dump ready to be shipped when the road is completed. The veins on the property are very wide, but the values are unusually high.

The contract for the building of the road calls for its completion by October 15, and to accomplish this it is probable that 150 men will be employed. The company had intended to build the road several months earlier, but were delayed by waiting for the government subsidy. Had the road gone through earlier a concentrator would have been erected at the property, but this has been necessarily delayed until next year. By tramping the ore from the mine to the road instead of running the road through to the mine the company will be able to make a round trip daily.

From 50 to 100 tons of ore will be shipped daily from the properties, and the staff will be increased to insure a steady supply.

Putting food into a diseased stomach is like putting money into a pocket with holes. The more you put in, the more it goes for nothing. When the stomach is diseased, with the allied organs of digestion and nutrition, the food which is put into it is largely lost. The nutriment is not extracted from it. The body is weak and the blood impoverished. The stomach can be cured. That sterling medicine for the stomach and blood, Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, acts with powerful promptness on the organs of digestion and nutrition. It is a positive cure for almost all disorders of these organs, and cures also such diseases of the heart, blood, liver and other organs, as have their cause in a weak or diseased condition of the stomach.

### TELEPATHY.

A Singular Story That Is Attributed to a New Orleans Man.

From Times Democrat, New Orleans.

"Prof. Hudson, the well known psychologist, has just published a very interesting paper on modern Spiritualism," says a gentleman who has a penchant for such investigation, "and he refers in it, among other things, to a remarkable case of telepathy, which was witnessed by a resident of New Orleans. Telepathy, a trois means thought transference by three. In other words, A is in rapport with B, and B with C, and through that chain C receives a thought message from A, who is not present and may be hundreds of miles away. It is a theory that very few of the telepathists themselves indorse, yet it is supported by some strong evidence. I am familiar with the incident to which Prof. Hudson refers in his article, but it is less striking, in my opinion, than something that happened in this city only a few months ago. 'I am a member of a little club at which we occasionally make experiments in telepathy. On the occasion I have in mind a prominent lady musician of New Orleans acted as reader and tried to obtain messages from several of us in turn. One of her subjects was a visitor, an Episcopal clergyman from Minneapolis, who was greatly interested in the test. The reader described the interior of his study, and he declared she was correct in every essential detail. Then suddenly she said: 'You are troubled about the accident to your brother. His death is very painful, but he writes you that he is feeling better.'"

"The clergyman was perplexed. 'I don't know what she is talking about,' he said. 'I have only one brother; he is residing in California, and has met with no mishap. Nevertheless the reader persisted. 'He sent you a typewritten letter,' she said, 'so you wouldn't know he was unable to use a pen.'"

"Some strange blunders are made in even the most successful exhibitions of telepathy, and we attached no special importance to the curious messages. Two days later, however, the clergyman was greatly excited by the receipt of a letter from Los Angeles announcing that his brother had fallen from his horse and broken his leg. The letter was written on a typewriter, just as described, and was in the mail at the time of the seance. There were five witnesses to that incident—all people of unimpeachable veracity. If it wasn't a case of telepathy a trois, I am at a loss to know how to explain it."

### No Grip, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

### Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

## THE FAMOUS MASON AND DIXON'S LINE

To Be Re-surveyed by Maryland and the Landmarks Restored.

From the Baltimore Sun.

The legislature of Maryland has appropriated a sum of money for the resurvey of Mason and Dixon's line and the restoration of the landmarks, many of which have been removed contrary to Scripture. The work will be done by the State Geological Commission in connection with a commission appointed and paid by the state government of Pennsylvania and by the United States Geological Survey.

The original running of Mason and Dixon's line was done according to the terms of the final agreement between the Calverts and Penns, concluded in 1769 after protracted negotiations. There was a conflict in the grants of Maryland and Pennsylvania. The Penns had friends at court and Calvert finally was coerced into conceding everything Penn demanded, and the concession cost him the richest portion of his domain. The line between Maryland and Pennsylvania was begun in 1769 by a commission appointed for that purpose. The proprietors of the two colonies became impatient at their slow progress and agreed to engage Charles Mason and James Dixon to complete the work. Both Penn and Calvert were in London at the time, and they there engaged these two men, whose names have become so famous in connection with this historic line, for so many years the dividing line between the free states and the slave states of the Union.

The two surveyors arrived in Philadelphia November 15, 1764, and began their survey early the following spring. Through the forests they cut a "vista" eight feet wide and set up a stone at the end of each mile. Every fifth stone was larger than the others and had on the north side the arms of Thomas and Richard Penn and on the south the arms of Frederick Lord Baltimore. One of these is preserved in Baltimore by the Maryland Historical Society, and some of them are in their original places and are cared for by the authorities. The intermediate stones are smaller and have the letter "P" on the north and "M" on the south face.

The removal of many of the historic landmarks has left the boundary line between Maryland and Pennsylvania in doubt in places, and it is to remedy this, as well as to perpetuate the historic line, that the legislature has provided for this resurvey.

Jesse Moore "AA" whiskey is called for everywhere. It is the drink of the people.

## W. JONES AUCTIONEER.

CITY AUCTION MART.

73 Yates Street. Telephone 294.

If you want anything in the house furnishing line cheap, see him at once. He also buys furnished houses outright for spot cash.

### HOUSES TO LET.

## MUNICIPAL NOTICE

### TO OWNERS OF DOGS

Notice is hereby given that if the tax on dogs is not paid at my office within three weeks from date, a summons will be issued for recovery of the same with costs.

CHAS. KENT, Collector.

City Hall, Victoria,  
August 9, 1900.  
(Times Copy.)

## FROM LIVERPOOL.

### THE AI SHIP

"LYNTON."

(2331 TONS REGISTER)

Sails Early in October.

For freight rates, etc., apply to

R. P. Rithet & Co. Ltd

### DRUNKENNESS can be cured.

We have a sure cure, which can be given with or without the knowledge of the patient. Send for particulars, enclosing 3c. stamp for reply. Address Dr. W. H. Saunders & Co., Sta. C, Chicago Ill.

## Removal.

CASHMORE'S BOOK EXCHANGE has removed to No. 584 Douglas street, all kinds of books bought and exchanged.

## Hotel Dallas

VICTORIA, B. C.

"Fashionable Summer Resort of Victoria City, now open for the season of 1900, under the new management of

## Mrs. M. Walt.

With Weekly and Monthly Rates.

### MONUMENTS.

GET STEWART'S PRICES  
Monuments, Cemetery Coping,  
imported Scotch Granite Monu-  
ments, etc., before purchasing else-  
where. Nothing but first-class stock  
and workmanship.  
Corner Yates and Blacchard Sts.



## The Smoke of Peace

And comfort and satisfaction can be had by many methods of smoking. Just look at the new goods just opened from the celebrated firm of Frank & Co., London, England, at

## HARRY SALMON,

McKenzie and Asbestos Pipes, 50 cents, in all shapes.  
Cor. Yates and Govt. Sts. Established 1884.

## The Ontario Mutual Life Ass'ce Co'y

was changed to  
**THE MUTUAL LIFE Ass'ce OF CANADA.**

As the only purely Mutual Life Company in Canada and as its business extends from ocean to ocean, a more NATIONAL AND COMPREHENSIVE NAME was found desirable. Under the new name the management will aim to perpetuate and extend the SAME POPULAR FEATURES AND PRINCIPLES which have made the company what it is to-day and as which the

Unprecedentedly Profitable Results  
to its policy-holders are largely attributable. With the same hearty co-operation of our policy-holders and the same generous confidence of the assuring CONTINUE to be as satisfactory to policy-holders in the future as they have been in the past.

R. L. MELVIN, President. GEO. WEGENAST, Manager. W. H. RIDDELL, Secretary.

R. L. DRURY, - B.C. Mgr. 34 Broad Street

## DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.  
Sole Throughout the World.  
N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.



## THE OVERLAND CIGAR

TURNER, BEETON & CO  
SOLE AGENTS  
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NELSON, B.C.

## INSURANCE THAT INSURES

FIRE MARINE  
ACCIDENT, &c.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Ltd 26 Store St

General Agents and Commission Merchants.



Open for season 1900. Terms reasonable.

## High Power Rifles.

30-30 WINCHESTER and MARLIN. 230 LEE STRAIGHT-PULL.  
30-40 REMINGTON-LEE. 25-35 WINCHESTER.  
30-40 WINCHESTER.  
303 SAVAGE and LEE-ENFIELD.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN THE DOMINION. SEND FOR 1900 CATALOGUE.

CHARLES E. TISDALL, VANCOUVER.

## An Avalanche of Timber and Lumber

You will think has slid into your yard when you see the large stock that we have on hand. You will certainly think the prices a landslide when you see our figures on an estimate.

The Shawnigan Lake Lumber Company, Ltd.  
Office and Yard: Discovery Street, P. O. Box 298. Telephone 162